## Pirc \& Modern Defence [B06-09]

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The Pirc Defence remains a solid and reliable option for Black. Black encourages White to set up a broad pawn centre which he or she will later attempt to undermine. Watch out for the latent power of Black's King's Bishop!
White's most frequently played option is the Austrian or Three Pawns Attack. This is a highly dangerous and direct attempt to score the point, and requires up-to-date knowledge of theory.

4 息g5, the Byrne Variation is currently in vogue and scoring well against unwary players. Watch out for this line! White can of course also steer the game into quieter more positional channels by adopting the Classical or Fianchetto Variation.

The Modern Defence resembles the Pirc and can often transpose, but Black gains a lot of flexibility by deferring the development of his king's knight. The problem is: so does White!

Much more likely to appeal to original thinkers who would like to avoid mainline theory.

All the game references highlighted in blue have been annotated and can be downloaded in PGN form using the PGN Games Archive on www.chesspublishing.com.

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## Modern Defence－ 4 f4 \＆Intro［B06］

Last updated：15／04／11 by Gawain Jones

## $1 . e 4$

 set－up，［B14］）2．⿹f3 g6 3．c4 思g7 4．仓c3 思g4 5．e3 c5！？Mikhalevski，V－ Davies，N／Rishon le Zion 1995.

## 1．．．g6

1．．．b6 Although this will be classified as B00 that is not entirely correct as Black＇s idea is to go back into the Modern with a well－timed ．．．g7－g6，having avoided White＇s most

 Martin，A／4NCL Birmingham 2005，Black has a fine position．）4．0e2 d6 5．0－0 0 d7 Spassky used this move－order frequently and with some success．The point of delaying ．．．g6 and especially ．．．思g7 will be seen soon，6．f4 g6 7．f5 gxf5 8．exf5 e5
 Spassky，B／Corsica 1997 Black immediately holds the initiative．）3．．．e6（3．．．a6，I wonder whether $3 \ldots d 64.043$ d $d 7$ is more accurate still，intending even ．．．e7－e5 at the
 indeed．White has to demonstrate an advantage and it is not at all easy．） $8 . a 5$ bxa5


## 2．d4

$2 . f 4$ d5 3．e5 c5 Danielsen，H－Salmensuu，O／Munkebo 1998.
2．h4！？leads to a messy struggle：2．．．h5（Black should consider 2．．．d5！3．exd5 2 f6）3． D f3 c 6
 11．䐴d2 0－0 12．思c4× Vlassov，N－Zemtsov，I／Moscow，Russia 2005.

## 2．．．（\＄97



The Modern Defence，by deferring the development of the king＇s knight Black aims for greater flexibility than in analogous Pirc positions．


 McDonald，N－McNab，C／Hastings 1993）leaves Black＇s bishop better placed on f 8 than g7，despite the apparent loss of tempo by playing first ．．．d7－d6 and then ．．．d6－ d5．5．．．h5

 play in Hector，J－Gurevich，M／Mariehamn 1997，and 6．鬼e2 ©h6 7． 1 f3 鬼 94 8．鬼e3 e6



 cutting the black position in half！）11．思f2 e6 was also OK for Black in Luther，T－ Gurevich，M／Cappelle la Grande 1998）7．思e3 was Almasi，Z－Norwood，D／Germany 1994 and now 7．．．${ }^{\text {D }}$ h6 would have been the simplest approach（in the game Norwood played 7．．．$\frac{4}{4} b 6$ ）
An offbeat idea that has attracted the attention of a few idiosyncratic GMs is $2 \ldots . \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{f}} 3$ ．e5 （After 3． 0 c3 Black can lend the game independent significance with 3．．．d5！？（3．．．d6

 in Daamen－Welling，G／Eindhoven 1988）3．．． Q h5 The North Sea Defence．4．思e2

 4．．． m 7 （4．．．d6 it appears that taking on h5 may not be a serious threat， 5.2 f 3 c c6 6．exd6 exd6 7．d5 Adams，M－Carlsen，M／Khanty－Mansiysk RUS 2010）5．©f3 d5 6．h3 （6．c3 c6 7．h3 鼻f5 8．©bd2 h5 Pacey，K－Day，L／North Bay Int Open 1996）6．．．h5 7．0－0 c6 8．b3 a5？！9．c4！and White had a strong initiative in Lautier，J－Miles，A／Biel 1996.
 $6 . f 3$ bd7 7．思e3 a strange way to start the game，White can＇t seem to make his mind up what to do．Naturally Black can achieve a very good position effortlessly against such an insipid strategy，7．．．e5 8．皆d2 0－0 9．g4 d5！see Dauth，B－Paulsen，D／Berlin GER 2004，where Black went on to win．

## 3.0 c 3

3． 9 f 3 In the Modern Defence White can choose a Holmov－like set－up，just as well as in the Pirc．In fact，the delay in the development of Black＇s Knight on g8 allows White to keep his Queen＇s Knight on b1 for a while and to put it on the d2－square．3．．．d6
 Vincent ITA 2002）4．．．${ }^{\text {Pf6 }}$
 camp，where it quickly becomes a target for Black＇s pawns to attack．6．．． $\mathrm{D}_{\mathrm{e}} \mathrm{e} 7$ 7．${ }^{\mathrm{M}} \mathrm{d} \mathrm{d} 2$ Bouroutzakis，G－Agdestein，S／Kiel Open，Germany 2000.
 Hippopotamus method seems well playable against an early 思c4，see Enders，P－ Gallagher，J／Bundesliga 2003．）6．0－0 b6（6．．． 0 d7 7．c3 0 0－0 8．．gel Leskovar， $\mathrm{M}_{-}$ Rodriguez，A／1st Bautista Boschi Masters，Cipolleti 2003）7．$D \mathrm{Dd} 2$ 0－0 8．ge1 c5 9．c3

 Welling，G／Gibraltar 2006
c）4．．．＇d7？？5．思xf7＋Ibragimov，I－Zhelnin，V／Moscow 1998.
5．${ }^{[\mathrm{m}} \mathrm{e} 2 \mathrm{c} 6$ Here this plan is the best．（5．．．0－0 6．0－0 e5！？is a rather cooperative move， Topalov，V－Mamedyarov，S／Villarrobledo ESP 2008）6．⿷⿱㇒⿴囗夊心夊心3 0－0 Matulovic，M－ Botvinnik，M／Beograd 1970，this classic game shows how Black should react in this case．
 7．g4 c5！？Polajzer，D－Davies，N／Graz 1981.
$3 . c 3$ d6 is covered in Waddingham，G－Davies，N／Southport ch70－BCF 1983
3．思e3！？is rather unusual．White wants to keep his options open for his queen＇s knight and the c－pawn．He may be considering c2－c4．Black must keep flexible and be ready for c3 at any moment．At the same time he must avoid being trapped in an inferior form of the King＇s Indian．3．．．d6 4．f3 a6！is fully fitting this bill，5．登d2 d 2 c 6 ． Cl 2


Martin，A／4NCL West Bromwich 2005 when Black has the initiative and therefore a preferable game．
$3 . \mathrm{f} 4 \mathrm{~d} 6$（Probably $3 \ldots . . c 5$ is the best move，although Black has to be prepared for a return to

 15．© d3 a5干 Lee Sang Hoon－Gilbert，J／Ilsan KOR 2006 and White was in a mess．

## 3．．．d6

This leads to a＇normal＇Modern Defence，but there are alternatives： 3．．．d5！？


This line was pioneered by the Finnish correspondence player Ahlback and has since attracted the attention of some strong over－the－board players．Britain＇s Matthew Turner and the Israeli（formerly Russian）Alek Vyderslaver have both given it a whirl，though neither of them with notable success．The real champion of this line seems to be the Portuguese player，Sergio Rocha．White should of course capture on d 5 ，not with the knight because of 4．．．c6，but with the pawn．4．exd5 9 f6（4．．．a6 This amazing move was Ahlback＇s preference for years before he had a brief flirtation
 critical line，trying to hang on to the pawn at least for a while．5．．． Qd $^{\text {bd The critical }}$ move，denying White the time he needs to reinforce the pawn on d5．（5．．． $0-0$ ？！After
 Vydeslaver，A／Beer－Sheva（Israel）1992．）6．${ }^{\text {思b3 On practical grounds this would be }}$ my personal preference．
a） 6 ．${ }^{\mathbf{8}} \mathrm{g}$ g 5 Aiming to keep the extra pawn at the cost of the bishop pair－but Black
 bxc6 12．0－0 思思6（12．．．听c7 Campora，D－Rocha，S／Santo Antonio（Portugal）1999．） 13．罥e1 蒐g7！Van Haastert，E－Martens，M／Netherlands NED 2011.
b） 6.0 f 3 is perhaps the most sensible looking move and promises White a small something．
 seems to give White a worry free edge．The verdict is that 3 ．．．d5！？has plenty of shock value，but I wouldn＇t recommend that you play it all the time！

3．．．c6 This move order is very popular nowadays．4．悤c4 Preventing 4．．．d7－d5，
a） $4 . \mathrm{f} 4 \mathrm{~d} 55 . \mathrm{e} 5$ is［B15］
b） 4.9 f 3 d 6 （ $4 \ldots . . d 5$ is considered in B15）5．h3（5．a4 $4 f 66$ ． $\mathrm{m}_{\mathrm{m}} \mathrm{g} 5$ commits the bishop too soon，6．．．紫a5 7．思d3 ©bd7 8．0－0 0－0 9．細d2 e5 and Black looks fine，Deepan，C－ Akshayraj，K／Mumbai IND 2009）5．．． $\mathrm{Q}_{\mathrm{f}} 66.94$（6．鼻e2 0－0 7．0－0 transposes to the Classical Pirc）6．．．a5 7．思e2 0－0 8．0－0 0 a6 9．gel White is holding off with the Bishop on c ，seeing if he make a gain elsewhere or lure Black into an inferior set－
 Schmaltz，R－Krasenkow，M／Reykjavik ISL 2004，a position in the best murky traditions of the Modern Defence．Of course White is better but it is a difficult advantage to pin down，and Black went on to win！

 advantage for Black．This represents excellent strategy，Papa，S－ Mamedyarov，S／Lausanne SUI 2004
$4 \ldots \mathrm{~d} 6$（Black can try $4 . . . d 5$ ？！nevertheless，but this move is quite dubious： $5 . e x d 5 \mathrm{b5} 6 . \mathrm{m}_{\mathrm{m}}^{\mathrm{m}} \mathrm{b} 3 \mathrm{b4}$ 7．©ce2 cxd5 8．．$d 2$ ！Immediately exploiting the weakness of Black＇s queenside pawns．）
 can White hope for an advantage． $6 \ldots d x e 57 . d x e 5$ 分d5 $8.0 .0 x d 5 c x d 5$ 9．象xd5 Thipsay， $\mathrm{P}-$ Koshy，V／India 1994．）6．${ }^{\text {G }}$ ge2 The key position of this line．Now Black has a choice，
 1993．）7．思b3 a5 8．a3 思a6 Shirov believes in this set－up and still employs it despite terrible losses against Judit Polgar and Anand．9．d5！The correct approach：White counters flank activity by action in the centre．（9．0－0？！Nunn deviates，probably being afraid of Shirov＇s preparation．However，his choice unlikely will have many
 Shirov，A／Germany 1996．）9．．．cxd5 10．exd5 e5 Black has a nice pawn structure in the center and if he manages to complete his development he＇ll be better．So White should play very aggressively．11． D e4！h6！？An interesting attempt to improve． Black prepares ．．．f7－f5（of course，Black couldn＇t play it immediately in view 12 ©g5）．（11．．．嫘c7？！After this seemingly natural move Black＇s position is barely defensible．12．c4！bxc4 13．鼻a4＋©d7 14． $02 c 3$ Polgar，J－Shirov，A／Amsterdam 1995．） 12．g4！The only move，otherwise White＇s pieces will be thrown back after ．．．f7－f5．
 of the whole line，Anand，V－Shirov，A／Dos Hermanas 1996.
 Qh6 12．g50 Motylev，A－Chernyshov，K／56th ch－RUS，Krasnoyarsk RUS 2003．The game has taken a very bizarre turn．Perhaps White is to be preferred as Black has
 the e4－pawn is the most ambitious setup，Tirard，H－Bauer，C／Vandoeuvre FRA 2010.
3．．．c5！？An opening favoured by the inventive Canadian IM Lawrence Day，and the subject of a recent book＇The Sniper＇．It could of course transpose to the Sicilian after 4． f f－readers are advised to check out coverage in the relevant Sicilian Dragon section．4．dxc5 恩xc3＋（Black decides to eliminate the white knight before it can do any damage．It is easy to sympathise with this decision when you see the problems

dynamic chances，see Roberts，D－Storey，C／London ENG 2009，however， $6 . e 5$ looks strong．）6．${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{d} \mathrm{d} 4 \mathrm{f} 67$ 7 m m 4 ！critical，see Williamson， $\mathrm{H}-$ Storey，C／Sniper Challenge 2011 （ChessPub．com Forum）．

4．f4


Inviting transposition into the Austrian Attack．Alternatives are considered in a separate Roadmap．

## 4．．．a6

The＇Tiger＇Modern．
4．．． 9 f 6 is considered under B09．
 1998.

4．．．e6！？5． y f 3 （ e 7 The Hippopotamus or＇Frog＇set－up．Against the Austrian Attack it is risky but playable：6． 6 思d3
a）6．思e3（D）77．di d2 a6 Baum，B－Davies，N／Gausdal 1993.



 Krasenkow，M／Copenhagen 2003
 good，intending e4－e5！）7．．．$勹$ d7 8．f5！Direct and excellent．8．．．exf5 9．exf5 ©f6
 16．c3 $\pm$ Zarnicki，P－McShane，L／Dos Hermanas 2003 Remarkably，White failed to win this position！

 or， $8 \ldots$ ．．$\mu \mathrm{U} g 3$ are superior．） $9.0 \mathrm{xe} 5 \infty$ Vysochin，S－Moliboga，V／Kyiv UKR 2006.


5．a4 is given as dubious by Tiger here，see Boskovic，D－Rakhmanov，A／Rijeka CRO 2010.

## 5．．．b5

 significant new idea．Delchev finds an optimal move order to defuse the Austrian attack．10．鼻e3 ${ }^{2}$ c6，see Armbrust，F－Delchev，A／3rd Autumn Open，Bad Wildbad GER 2002．）6．．．c5 7．冤c4！cxd4 8．0g5 White is nearly winning already，see Schlosser，P－Seul，G／Baden Baden GER 2007.

## 6．寄d3


 13．营b1 5 b 614.9 g 3 d 5 ？stodging up the position like this is anti－thematic， Yu Shaoteng－Annaberdiev，M／Hyderabad IND 2005.

## 6．．．${ }^{\text {为d7！}}$

Black immediately supports ．．．c5．
Hillarp－Persson considers this superior to 6 ．．． A b 7 because in some lines where White plays e5－e6，Black＇s bishop is better on c8：7．蹓e2！（7．e5 $0 d 7$ transposes to a note below，
 when 11．a4！is most challenging．）7．．． ff （ $7 \ldots . . c 5$ ！？is worth considering．） $8 . \mathrm{e} 5 \mathrm{~d} 5$ 9． 0 xd5 思xd5 10．0－0 with advantage，Kasimdzhanov，R－Alber，H／Mainz GER 2008.

## $7 . e 5$

This leaves Black＇s king＇s knight and bishop with little scope．
7．思e3 宽b7 standard，（7．．．c5！？8．dxc5！this looks like the best way to exploit Black＇s
 tends to favour White，Kosten，A－Hague，B／Wokefield Park ENG 2007．） $8 . e 5$（8．a4 Martin del Campo，R－Hoang Canh Huan／Beijing CHN 2008）8．．．c5（8．．．©h6 9．世山⿰幺幺丱e2
 Nevednichy，V／Bosnjaci CRO 2005 is a typical murky＇Modern＇which defies an accurate assessment．The better player will win，so I guess you could say that Black＇s
 analysis， $11 . d x c 5$ the critical continuation，Smeets，J－Siebrecht，S／Netherlands NED

 19．때뫼 White has established a better endgame by force，Izoria，Z－
 Nakamura，H／Mulhouse FRA 2009，when Tiger prefers 16．fxe5！

## 7．．．c5


 9．a4 b4 10．⿹勹巳 0－0 11．c3 bxc3 12．bxc3 c5 13．0－0 撚7 14．e6土 As a contrast to Delchev＇s idea，Lobron trots out the old stuff and gets crushed，Svidler，P－ Lobron，E／Ordix Open，Mainz GER 2002.

## 8．⿷匚 4

8． $0 \mathrm{~g} 5 \mathrm{cxd4}$ ！？（8．．． D ．$h 6$ is safer，see Humphrey，J－Hoffman，R／Hoogeveen NED 2008）9．e6 f5！
 sacrifice which has been suggested and played by Tiger Hillarp Persson，see Ghannoum，E－Hillarp Persson，T／Sants 2004 －Place your bets！

## 

9．9g5 Mh6 Hansen，P－Hillarp Persson，T／Gibraltar ENG 2008，and now 10．e6 ©f6 11．⿷． $\mathrm{m} 6+$ is interesting．


## 9．．．cxd4 10． 0 xd4 dxe5



Sacrificing the exchange. This has occurred in many games and is arguably the main line of the Austrian version of Tiger's Modern (with f4).

## 

See Fedorovsky,M-Pel,B/Pardubice CZE 2008.

# Modern Defence－ 4 Be3， 4 Nf3，other 4th 

## moves［B06］

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## 1．e4 g6 2．d4 息g73．9c3 d6

In general，the Modern Defence is not too popular amongst the world＇s very best players， probably because it allows White to establish a large spatial advantage．

## 4．思e3



Aiming for a＇150 Attack＇，perhaps，but White has plenty of alternatives：
 Duncan Suttles．Objectively Black＇s play might be dubious，but this is just the type of idea that furnishes very good practical results：7．息g5？f6 8．⿷ea 0－0 9．d5 f5 10．© d d4
 5．思e3（5．a4b6 6．鼻c4 e6 7．h4 h6 Panchanathan，M－Illingworth，M／Parramatta AUS 2010， 5．鼻e2 b5 $6 . a 4$ is more critical，Stevic，H－Nepomniachtchi，I／Aix－les－Bains FRA 2011）



 11．箩el White＇s position is＇pretty as a picture＇but look at what a mess he gets himself


7．0－0 c5 8．［＂el Jovanovic，Z－Skoberne，J／Nova Gorica SLO 2007，6．a3？is a weedy move， $6 \ldots$ ．．． 67 Thimm，T－Berelovich，A／19th Muensterland Open，Senden GER 2002．）

 Ch Dresden 2004.
Against several other moves he can start a queenside expansion with ．．．．a7－a6 and ．．．b7－b5

 forces an unclear sacrifice，Shabalov，A－Burnett，R／CCA Vermont Open，Stratton Mountain USA 2003）5．．． C 7 （5．．．b5 6．鼻d3 $2 d 7$ ！？the normal move against f4，but here it unnecessarily gets in the way，Frolyanov，D－Azmaiparashvili，Z／Dresden GER 2007）6．a4（6．息d3 c5 7．dxc5 0xc5 8．0－0 $0 f 6$ resembles a Sicilian，Frolyanov，D－ Graf，A／Kavala GRE 2008）6．．．b6 7．思c4 Rublevsky，S－D＇Amore，C／Istanbul Olympiad，Turkey 2000.

 16．忽b3f6 17．岂el space！Nezhmetdinov，R－Ujtelky，M／Sochi 1964）5．思e3 ©f6 Gausel，E－ Davies，N／Oslo 1988.
If Black plays the Modern defence without an early ．．． 0 g 8 －f6，he has an additional possibility in the Fianchetto system：4．g3 c6！？This provocative move seems risky， but modern practice proves it to be viable．5．d5（5．䣽e3 ff6 6．h3 e5 Frois，A－ Davies，N／Cala d＇Or 1986）5．．．＇d4 6． Q b1 White has tried several different continuations here，but none of them promise anything special．6．．．c6 7．c3 Raetsky，A－Sakaev，K／St．Petersburg 1999.


## 4．．．a6！

Possibly best．




 Todorov，T／BC Masters，Bois Colombes FRA 2003，Black achieved a more or less ideal set－up）6．．． 0 d 77.0 f 3 minc 7 I don＇t think this is the right square for Black＇s Queen．For maximum flexibility，Black should try to play ．．．e7－e5 before
 small edge，rather than（9．De2 c5！Hossain，E－Rahman，Z／Dhaka 2005））8．0－0 ingf6 9．h3 0－0 10． 0 e2！is an excellent idea，preparing a4（ $10 . \mathrm{a} 4 \mathrm{~b} 411 . \mathrm{Q}^{2} \mathrm{e} 2 \mathrm{a} 512 . \mathrm{c} 3 \mathrm{bxc} 3$
 IM，Opatija CRO 2002）15．${ }^{\text {gen }}$ 2 Fercec，N－Rukavina，J／Hotel Opatija GM Nov，Rijeka CRO 2002．）10．．．e5 11．dxe5 dxe5 12．a4 思b7 13． $\mathrm{M}_{\mathrm{g}} \mathrm{g} 3 \mathrm{a}$ 14．c4 bxc4 15． $\mathrm{B}_{\mathrm{B}} \mathrm{xc} 4 \mathrm{c} 5$
 structure，Adams，M－Bosboom Lanchava，T／London／Crowthorne ENG 2006.


 continuation of the game would show that White missed this move completely，
 Kozlov，V－Inarkiev，E／Autumn III，Alushta UKR 2002，7．h4！？Manca，F－

 Spoelman，W－Hort，V／Essent Open，Hoogeveen NED 2002.
$5 . \mathrm{f} 4 \mathrm{~b} 56$ ．思e 2 ！？has been played remarkably often．One idea is to oppose bishops along the diagonal by 思f3，after which e5 can gain in strength，（6． $9 f 3$ transposes to the $4 . f 4$ roadmap．）6．．．b4！？Ponomariov＇s move，7．$\dagger$ d5！？Nachev，S－Khismatullin，D／Moscow RUS 2007.

## 5．．．$勹 \mathrm{~d} 7$



 Tiller，B／Davos SUI 2004，6．h4 h5 7．©h3 悤xh3！？Berg，E－Angskog，K／Stockholm SWE 2007）6．．．思b7（6．．． 0 d7 7． 0 ce2！？as far as I know this is new，and it looks rather passive，Ramaswamy，A－Georgiev，K／Catalan Bay ENG 2007）7．a4 b4 8．0ce2 a5 9．$\dagger \mathrm{g} 3$（ D d7 10．仓f3 e6！？Berezovsky，I－Almasi，Z／Stuttgart GER 2004 －the Hippopotamus meets the 150 attack！Nevertheless Black＇s idea is a good one，taking away the f5－square from the white knights and forcing him to fight a different and more positional battle on the queenside．

## $6 . f 3$

6．0－0－0？！seems premature，only presenting Black with an object to attack：6．．．b5 7．f3 思b7 8．h4 h6 9．g4 品c8 10．g5 hxg5 11．思xg5 c5 Baki，P－Ianov，V／Paks HUN 2005.
 my opinion，prepares f2－f4．Black is worse however he plays，Jansa， $\mathrm{V}-$ Joksic，S／Arvier ITA 2004）7．a4 b4 8．⿹e2 品b8 Szalanczy，E－Davies，N／Liechtenstein 1993.

6．h4！this is supposed to be the most critical test of Black＇s opening and is given an exclamation mark by Tiger in his book， $6 . . . \mathrm{h} 6$ this seems slow，（6．．．h5）7．f4 h5 8． ff 3 Qh6 9．0－0－0 with advantage，Gormally，D－Shoker，S／Uxbridge ENG 2010.

## 6．．．b5 7．h4！？

Probing．

## 7．．．h5 8．©h 3 c5

8．．．思b79．0g5！？is similar，Cubas，J－Leitao，R／Americana BRA 2007.

## 9． 0 g 5 ！



Tricky，and it＇s a good square in any case．

## 9．．．cxd4

9．．．b4 lost quickly in Cheparinov，I－Sakaev，K／Dresden GER 2007.

## 

The normal idea in this line，to create weaknesses in Black＇s queenside structure，Kritz，L－ Zozulia，A／Ascona SUI 2007.

## Pirc－Not 4 f4 or 4 Nf3［B07］

Last updated：16／02／11 by Gawain Jones

## 1．e4 d6 2．d4

White often plays this automatically，but it is not the only move．Several players have tried an attacking set－up akin to the f4 Sicilian：
2．悤 c 4



 0 6．鼻b3 公c6 7．d3 息g4 Romero Holmes，A－Insua Mellado，J／Alicante 1997）6．思xf7＋迫xf7 7．0 xe4 with an interesting position in which White＇s pawn structure gives him more space，but Black has the two bishops－Grigorian，M－Ornstein，P／Warsaw 2001.

## 2．．．包6 3．0c3



3．f3 This humble move in fact contains more than a drop of poison．It＇s especially unpleasant for players who don＇t play the King＇s Indian，since such a transformation is quite common here．3．．．e5
a）3．．．g6 4．思e3（4．c4 leads to the Saemisch Variation in the King＇s Indian．）4．．．c6 5．皆d2 ©bd7 6．c4 A Samisch or not a Samisch？Anand，V－Gurevich，M／Bastia， Corsica FRA 2005.
b）3．．．d5 4．e5 fd7 and now the game may transpose into one of key positions in the


c）3．．．c5 $4 . \mathrm{d} 5$ e6 $5 . \mathrm{c} 4$ b5！A sharp and very combative approach，Ponomariov，R－ Felgaer，R／Cuernavaca MEX 2006.
4．d5（4．dxe5 aiming for a small advantage in the endgame is the main alternative．4．．．dxe5


 gxf5 12．品g1 高h8 13．g4？fxg4 14．fxg4 㽞xf2！Hillarp Persson，T－ Azmaiparashvili，Z／Hotel Bali Stars，Benidorm ESP 2003，White was annihilated after this shot！

## 3．．．g6 4．鼻g5

The system involving 4 思g5 used to be considered quite harmless，but modern games seem to indicate a different trend．Similar to the Austrian，except that the White Queen＇s Bishop is on the dynamic g5 square，not c1．Needs careful examination．
4．思 e 3 is perhaps the most fashionable system today：


4．．．c6
a）4．．．思g7 5．蹓d2 c6（5．．．0－0 6．0－0－0（6．f3 c6（6．．．罣8？！Bekker，M－van Liempt，M／Dutch youth tournament 2009）7．h4 h5 8．0－0－0 b5！Lopez Martinez，J－ Gurevich，M／Dresden GER 2007）6．．．c6 7．亭b1 A sluggish move which isn＇t really necessary here．Better is 7 罳h6，7．．．b5 8．f3 0 bd7 9．e5 b4！10．exf6 bxc3 11．䋩xc3
 with the open queenside files and White＇s reluctance to commence an attack on the Kingside it was hardly surprising，Parligras，M－Jobova，B／Antalya 2004）6．Wh（6．f3 $b 57 . g 4$ h5！a good move，halting White＇s attack， $8 . g 5$ 包f7 9．f4 ©b6 10． $9 f 3$ 0－0 11．思d3听c7 12．a3 a5 13．©e2 d5 14．e5 Goloshchapov，A－Lahno，K／Kharkiv UKR 2004，when 14．．．思g4！would have given Black interesting counterplay．）6．．．思xh6 7．䠦xh6 細a5 （7．．．e5 is rather passive for Black，but may be necessary，see Jansa，V－Hartoch，R／Bad Zwischenahn GER 2008，7．．． $\mathrm{C}^{2}$ bd7 8．0－0－0 断 $a 5$ is Muzychuk，A－Zhorzholiani，M／Tbilisi
 with advantage，see Mirzoev，A－Movsziszian，K／La Pobla de Lillet ESP 2007.
 Kramnik，V／Wijk aan Zee NED 2010．）5．．．b5 6．．d3（6．f3 ©bd7 7．©ge2 ©b6 8．©f4 Naiditsch，A－Kramnik，V／Dortmund GER 2010）6．．．思b7 7．a3 乌bd7 8．0f3 Dominguez Perez，L－Kramnik，V／Nice FRA 2010.
5．f3
a）5．h3 This line is rather dangerous for Black and he has to play carefully to avoid problems．5．．． 0 bd7！In my opinion，the best．In other lines Black has serious problems：
a1）5．．．思g76．g4！？（6．a4 0－0 7．g4 is another version of what Vigus calls the ＇Archbishop Attack＇，see Nisipeanu，L－Svidler，P／Foros UKR 2007）6．．．b5 7．e5！（7．．⿷⿱㇒⿴囗夊心夊2 Nepomniachtchi，I－Yudin，S／Moscow RUS 2009）7．．．$\triangleq \mathrm{fd} 7$ 8．f4 Svidler，P－ Ivanchuk，V／Lugo ESP 2006
a2）5．．．b5？！6．e5 Vavra，P－Popchev，M／Prague CZE 2009
$6 . f 4$（6．a4！？is seen in Vigus Inquiry／2007，I think that $6 . g 4$ ！is more accurate， $6 \ldots .$. b5 7．囱g2 e5 8．溦 $d 2$ Granda Zuniga，J－Movsziszian，K／Benidorm ESP 2008）6．．．b5 7．蹓 f （7．e5？！is premature in view of the typical 7．．．b4！8．exf6 bxc3 9．bxc3 0xf6，but the natural 7．．$d 3$ is


Black can be satisfied with the result of the opening－all his pieces are well placed and ready to attack the White pawn centre，Berezjuk，S－Stohl，I／Presov 1999.


 12．思xc5 dxc5 13．0－0 思xb5 14．axb5 聯xb5 15．e5 White has a dangerous initiative， Ganguly，S－Azmaiparashvili，Z／Pune IND 2004．）6． Y f3 looks like a＇150 Attack＇， （6．f3 b5 7．g4 bb6 8．g5 气h5！？9．．${ }^{\text {d }} \mathrm{d} 3$ e6 Black＇s position is a coiled spring，waiting
 $15.0 e 2 \pm$ was a better chance for White．The choice of the game is poor，enabling the







 Match，Crete GRE 2003．Perhaps Black can defend，for instance after 18．．． $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{m}}^{\mathrm{h}} \mathrm{h} 5$ or 18．．．常g8，but it will be no easy task ．


 Championship 2003
 14．d5 The moves of both sides are very natural and suggest themselves quite readily． Anand，V－Chernin，A／European Club Cup 1999．）6．皆d2 b5 7．©ge2（7．0－0－0 0bb6．息d3
 cardinal sins，castling short too soon，and playing ．．．思f8－g7 prematurely， Matsuura，E－Leitao，R／Sao Paulo BRA 2005．Equal chances！）7．．．思b7 8．惫h6！？not
 Qxd3＋13．思xd3 日g8？A very strange move indeed．Dvoirys，S－ Tkachiev，V／Moscow RUS 2004 （Either 13．．．数e7 or，13．．． 95 would have been better， with equality．）

 position may occur in the Sicilian Dragon as well．）7．．．c5 8．h3（White has also tried $8 . d 5$ which leads to a Benoni－like position，but here it doesn＇t look good for White as his Knight is misplaced on e2．White＇s main plan is to break through in the centre of the board by playing e4－e5 and the Knight is much better placed on f 3 for this
 ．．．b6 first．Only then will Black take on d 4 and complete his development by playing ．．．思c8－b7． $9 . \mathrm{a} 4 \mathrm{a} 6$ So which move（ $9 \ldots \mathrm{a} 6$ or $9 \ldots \mathrm{~b}$ ）to prefer is entirely up to you－ both are perfectly playable．10．dxc5（10．a5！？is worthy of consideration．）10．．． $\mathrm{S}_{\mathrm{xc}} \mathrm{x} 5$ 11．惫e3 b6 12．g4 More or less forced if White wants to avoid playing the ugly f3，


14．9b3 ©xb3 15．cxb3 d5 with advantage to Black．））7．0－0 The critical position of the Fianchetto system．（7．h3 This is the most precise move order． $7 . . . c 6$（7．．． $9 c 6!$ ？8．鼻e3鼻d7 9．0－0 Khenkin，I－McNab，C／Koszalin 1997－an excellent game！）8．a4 a5 9．思e3 reaching a standard position that is sometimes called the＇Martinowsky System＇ （well，named thus by me，many years ago），Yudin，S－Smirnov，P／Moscow RUS

 Black can choose between two different lines： $5 \ldots$ c6 and 5．．． 0 c6．Both are perfectly playable．I personally prefer the latter．But this position may also arise from the Modern defence with an early ．．．c7－c6，for example： 1 e4 g6 2 d4 思g7 3 角c3 c6 4
 unattended so Black immediately attacks it．6．e5 g4！？The sharpest continuation． （ $6 \ldots) d$.7 is a good alternative to the text．，So both $6 \ldots)^{2}$ d and $6 \ldots \mathrm{~g} 4$ are suitable for Black．But Black should avoid the following trick：the tempting $6 \ldots .0 x d 4$ ？is bad in view of the queen sacrifice 7．exf6！©xe2 8．fxg7 घg8 9． 0 gxe2 The critical position． Although Black has a material advantage his position is hardly defensible．My database contains about 40 games and the statistics are horrible for Black：White has won almost all the games！！）7．${ }^{\text {⿷ }}$ b5 The only way to hold the central pawns．7．．．0－0 8．思xc6 bxc6 9．h3 乌h6 10． Q f3 c5！11．dxc5 崽b7！This pawn sacrifice gives Black excellent compensation．His light－squared bishop is very strong now and pressure on the b －file and long diagonals give him a lasting initiative，Sigurjonsson， $\mathrm{G}^{-}$ Timman，J／Wijk 1980.
 Salmensuu，O－Chernin，A／European Club Cup，Crete 2001
4．鼻e2 思g75．g4！？is an ideal weapon for club players in my view．White can attack with g5 and h4：5．．．c5 Presumably a good reply．（5．．．0－0？！is inadvisable，6．g5 2 fd7 7．h4 ٌe8 8．h5
 ©fd7 7．d5 0－0 8．h4 品e8 9．h5 $\rightarrow$ Simacek，P－Videki，S／Paks 2004.
4．h3 思g7（4．．．c6 5．g4！？h5 $6 . g 5$ 包fd7 7．f4！with lots of space，Adams，M－Reizniece，D／Caleta
 ©a6 10．0－0 0－0 11．f4 e5？！12．dxe5 dxe5 13．f5 White has what he wants，Smallville－ IBorg／Internet Chess Club 2005）6．dxc5（6．g5 ©fd7 7．d5 was less successful in
 Qc6 10．悤e3 蹓a5 11．f4！White has more space，Nakamura，H－Hickl，J／playchess．com 2004.

## 4．．．c6

4．．．思g75．f4
a）5．e5！？dxe5（5．．．$\triangle f d 7$ is the main alternative to the text．Theory considers it dubious，but it＇s premature to draw definite conclusions as only a few games have been played．） 6 ．dxe 5 g 4 （not the only move， $6 \ldots \mathrm{fd} 7$ ！？7． 9 d 5 ？！（7．e6！looks quite

 ＂active＂ 7.045 leads White nowhere in view of $7 \ldots c 6!8.0 x e 7$ 些 $a 5+$ ！and Black is

the brave knight．）7．．．${ }^{\text {d }} \mathrm{xd} 8$ 8．品 $\mathrm{d} 1+(8.0-0-0+!$ ？is dangerous，see Gallagher，J－ Karim，I／Caleta ENG 2011）8．．．思d7 9．e6 Besides the text White has other possibilities，but none of them are sufficient for achieving opening advantage，and maybe even equality．Magem Badals，J－Chernin，A／New York 1998.

 aggressive，planning e5，Almasi，Z－Marin，M／Reggio Emilia ITA 2008．）9．＇̃ce2！？ ＊i̛ㄹㄴ6 10．e5！Motylev，A－Kasimdzhanov，R／Wijk aan Zee NED 2009.
 $13 . e 6$ fxe6？！Once again，（ $13 \ldots g 5$ is a move that has to be considered for Black．After the text move，the end comes swiftly，Dreev，A－Beim，V／Frankfurt GER 2000．））
 supports ．．．e5．In comparison with the ．．．b5 plans，Black＇s risk is minor，see Solovjova，V－Mammadova，G／St Petersburg RUS 2009）7．菟d3 and now 7．．．${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{m} \mathrm{b} \mathrm{b} 6$ is one of Black＇s best possibilities．The game Yakovich－Wang Pin，Beijing 1997
 exf6 14．⿷⿱㇒⿴囗夊心夊 $h 4$ flack had obtained a good position in the game Romanishin， $\mathrm{O}^{-}$ Kuzmin，G，Tallinn 1979，since his Knight has the possibility of going to e4．）8．．．e5
 0 c5 with good prospects for Black on the queenside．
4．．． 0 bd7 5．f4！The threat of $6 . e 5$ is obvious，but it＇s not clear how to react against it． $5 \ldots \mathrm{c} 5$
 But the text move is hardly an improvement．7．dxe5 ©h5 8．思c4 h6 9．e6！fxe6
 powerful way．It looks like Black is already in dead trouble：Yakovich， $\mathrm{Y}-$ Gual，A／Terrasa 1999.

## 5．蹓d2 b5

5．．． $0 \mathrm{bd} 76 . \mathrm{ft}$ 䠦a5 7． Q f 3 b 5 This is the natural way for Black to meet this set－up from White．However，the combination of the early ．．．$\triangle$ bd7 and ．．． $\begin{gathered}\text { miga } \\ \text { 5 doesn＇t seem to }\end{gathered}$
 10． $2 f 2$ dxe4 11．0xe4）9．．．思a6 10．0－0 d5 $11 . \mathrm{e} 5$（2）4 12．欮e3 Afek，Y－Van der Wiel，J／Dieren NED 2000.
5．．．思g7 6．0－0－0 欮c7 Aiming for ．．．e5，7．思d3 e5 8．dxe5 dxe5 9．思h6 0－0 10．h4！this position is difficult for Black，Nestorovic，L－Svetac，N／Belgrade SRB 2009.

## 6． ．$_{\mathbf{g}} \mathbf{d} 3$ 息 g 7

 8．．．${ }^{\text {mig b b }} 6$ ？？A new move，several other moves have been tried out，but apparently
 Azmaiparashvili，Z／Saint Vincent ITA 2000.


White obtains a strong pawn centre，and his dark－squared Bishop is situated much more actively than in the Austrian Attack．

## 7．．．0－0

7．．．${ }^{[4} \mathrm{b} b 6$ ？ ！Black＇s position can tolerate either ．．．b5 or ．．． m b 6 ，but combining both of them asks for trouble．It＇s important that after ．．．b5 the b2－pawn is not hanging．8．e5！
 13．思e3！Preparing to castle，Kobalija，M－Burmakin，V／Novgorod 1999.

## 8． Vf3 $^{\text {悤 }} \mathbf{g} 4$



The most popular line．
The old move 8．．． D bd $^{2}$ is out of fashion，but it is far from bad，9．e5！（9．0－0 was played in Byrne，R－Gipslis，A／Sousse 1967．Although White won this game，my comments prove Black had some possibilities to equalize．）9．．．b4 10．${ }^{\text {ede2 }}$ dxe5 11．fxe5（ d 5 12．惫h6！品b8 13．h4！White takes advantage of the fact he hasn＇t castled yet and begins a very dangerous kingside attack．
 2009，and now 13．a4！is thematic．

## 9.e5!

 very well played by Nijboer but this is almost a losing mistake. Instead, (15...c4! gives Black a decent share of the game. His solid hedgehog-like centre and Kingside keeps him in good shape to deal with e4-e5.) 16.e5 bxc3 17.bxc3 0 d5 18.c4 ©b4 19. 畠e7士 Werle,J-Nijboer,F/Harmonie, Groningen NED 2002.

## 

It's premature to castle queenside immediately as Black obtains good counterplay.

 Hastings ENG 2004, Black's position may well be fully playable, but courage is required!

## 12...a5 13.0-0-0



Now White is ready for the breakthrough f5.

## 13...f6!

This is a strong novelty.
 Azmayparashvili,Z/Moskva (GMA) 1989- a brilliant attack!

## 



Up to this move it's been well known theory. White's last move is a novelty, prepared especially for this game.
Black is a well-known expert in this line and he had already played this position when
 seized the initiative, Dreev,A-Zakharevich,I/Russia 1996. But what a game! Sacrifices, hair-raising ideas, both Kings feeling the heat and finally a draw by perpetual check.

## 16...2d7 17.h4 乌7b6 18. 鬼d3

Black can successfully fight for the initiative, Kobalija,M-Zakharevich,I/ Yekaterinburg 1999.

# Pirc－Czech System \＆others［B07］ 

Last updated：15／04／11 by Gawain Jones

## 1．e4 d6 2．d4


 Lima，D－Tristan，L／Buenos Aires ARG 2005.

## 2．．． 0 f6

Normal，but sometimes Black plays more originally：
 idea b3，崽b2 xe5 ）6．f4 Narciso Dublan，M－Garcia Castro，P／Cerrado CEMAR A， Mondariz ESP 2002.
2．．．c6！？3．0c3 $\begin{gathered}\text { mic } 74 . f 4 \mathrm{a} 6 \text { Black can play in this obscure fashion if he wishes but I feel he }\end{gathered}$ should go back into a Philidor at the earliest opportunity．5． $\mathrm{U}_{\mathrm{f}} \mathrm{f}$ 思g4 6．h3 恩xf3
 Open，Boeblinger GER 2003 White has obtained a very good attacking position effortlessly．
$2 \ldots \mathrm{~d} 7$ is a strange way of starting the game，but Black retains options of transposing to either Modern or Philidor positions．Attempts to bash the Black position flat seem to fall short：3．f4（3． $\mathrm{C} f 3 \mathrm{~g} 64$ ．象c4！e5？loses，see Levin，F－Nolte，C／Paderborn GER 2009）
 ARG 2005.

## 3．0c3 c6



This line achieved the peak of its popularity in the early Nineties，first of all due to the efforts of players from former Czechoslovakia：J．Pribyl，M．Pribyl，K．Mokry and others．Black had very good results and at that time it was a significant part of Vladimir Kramnik＇s opening repertoire．Later it＇s popularity went down since White found a line which proved rather unpleasant for Black，but the last word has certainly not yet been said．
Black has another interesting possibility in $3 \ldots$ bd7 which aims to get a Philidor structure with $4 \ldots e 5$ whilst avoiding some of the move order problems that occur if you go for a Philidor with $1 \ldots \mathrm{e} 5$ ．The critical line is $4 . \mathrm{f} 4 \mathrm{e} 55.0 \mathrm{f} 3$ this is sometimes called＇the LION＇．（5．dxe5！？dxe5 6．fxe5 ©xe5 7．断xd8＋daxd8 8．鼻g5 is dangerous，Shabala，S－ Shtanko，D／Lubny UKR 2011）5．．．exd4（5．．．悤e7？！is just poor：6．dxe5 dxe5 7．fxe5 ©g4 8．悤f4 4 Ermenkov，E－Abdulaziz，M／Beirut LIB 2004，5．．c6 6．dxe5 dxe5 7．fxe5 9 g4 8．e6
 Janssen．）6．蹓xd4！c6（6．．．©c5！？Ponomariov，R－Beliavsky，A／Bled SLO 1999）7．思e3 （7．鬼c4？！allows Black the following interesting pawn sacrifice：7．．．d5 8．exd5 鬼c5 Neiksans，A－Vachier Lagrave，M／Warsaw POL 2010）7．．．d5 8．exd5（8．e5 旬g 9．⿷⿱㇒⿴囗夊心．g1
 Adamson，R－Ivanov，A／Reno 2007，and now 10．．． Q b！is a gambit that promises equality．
3．．．e5 the＇Philidor－by－Stealth＇，can be played immediately but results are looking decidedly poor for Black．There are several grey areas：4．dxe5 The endgame is probably OK for Black although how can he win if White is even remotely competent and is content to sit？（4．© ge2 思e7（Black may transpose into a Larsen－ Philidor with $4 \ldots \operatorname{exd4} 5.0 x d 4 \mathrm{~g} 6$ but Moiseenko makes this look dubious：6．思f4 鼻g7
 Moiseenko，A－Khachiyan，M／Lindsborg USA 2004．Two key points stand out：1） White took on c6 at the first opportunity．2）White played 蒐h6 at the first opportunity，allowing Black no time for ．．．号e8．Thus the common sequence，悤h6䓌h8 was not available．，4．．． $2 b d 7$ transposes） $5 . g 3$（ $5 . f 3$ is rather sluggish．5．．．0－0
 better） $7 . . \mathrm{d} 5$ ！Black opens the game with the white King still in the middle．8．e5



0 a6 9．h3 h5！10．思e3 悤b7 11．b4！？（11．©cl Svidler，P－Salgado Lopez，I／Khanty－ Mansiysk RUS 2010）11．．．0－0 Malakhov，V－Khismatullin，D／Moscow RUS 2010．）


 Marzano，C／Bratto ITA 2004．）6．．．思e6
a）6．．．思b4！？Kotronias，V－Skembris，S／Athens GRE 2004

 is no need to grant Black the space－gaining ．．．b5，（10．©h4 is Buckley，D－ Shaw，J／Coventry ENG 2007）10．．．h6 11．思h4 b6（11．．．$\ddagger$ f8 Vallejo Pons，F－Vachier
 Bologan，V／Odessa UKR 2007，when 14．．．思g4 looks best，although White might sac the exchange．
 Akshayraj，K／Mangalore IND 2008）9．思e3 直e7 10． A b 1 ！？White willingly invests two tempi to put his pieces on their most effective squares．The knight is heading to c4，the c－pawn is freed to control d4 or advance to c4，and the time lost doesn＇t seem to matter much，（10．0．ge2 is less effective，Kotronias，V－Felgaer，R／Turin ITA 2006） 10．．．＇c6 11．c3 see Vescovi，G－Felgaer，R／Sao Paulo BRA 2006.

## 4．f4

4． O f 3 is the main alternative to the text and after the usual $4 \ldots \mathrm{~g} \mathrm{~g} 4$ the same position occurs as after the moves $1 . \mathrm{d} 4 \mathrm{~d} 62.0 \mathrm{f} 3$ 思g4 3．e4 4 f 64 C 3.
4．a4 White tries to win the war of elasticity．Curiously，it is Black who has to set a formation now！4．．．e5（4．．．g6 5．h3 transposes to the previous chapter）5． D ge2 思e7 $6 . \mathrm{g} 3$ （6．h3！？0－0 7．g4 is Smallville－Scorpion／Internet Chess Club 2006）6．．．0－0 7．． B g 㿽8
 $12 . \mathrm{g} 4$ 思f8 13． $\mathrm{D}_{\mathrm{B}} \mathrm{g} 3$ bd7 14．f4！$\pm$ Kazhgaleyev， $\mathrm{M}-$ Gallegos，C／playchess．com INT 2004，Black has nothing to set against the White initiative on the Kingside．

## 4．．．溦 $a 5$



## 5．甶d3

The main continuation．
 on g 7 will be restricted by White＇s pawn chain，but Black plans something unusual． （Many commentators recommended the Queen sacrifice：7．．．断xa2！？8．岂xa2 包xa2 9． 9 f3 and this position was evaluated as unclear，but I believe that White is clearly better here as it＇s difficult for Black to complete his development．， $7 \ldots . .55$ ！is more solid in my opinion：）8．bxc3！（If 8 ．欮xc3？！断xc3＋9．bxc3 with equal chances in a complicated endgame．）8．．．dxe5 9．fxe5（If 9．dxe5 5 a6 intending ．．．${ }^{\text {c } 5} 5$ with very comfortable play for Black．）9．．．思h6 This is the idea behind Black＇s previous move．Now wild complications occur，Finkel，A－Oratovsky，M／Israel 1994．）6．．．$勹 x$ xc3（6．．．d5 7．息d3
 （According to Jovan Petronic，White should have tried 8．鼻xe4 dxe4 9．幽xe4 cxd4

 best move．（8．．．c5！？deserves attention，according to Alexander Beliavsky．）9． $\mathbf{y}$ f3 dxe5 10．思c4！A very strong and well calculated move．White launches a very strong attack，Beliavsky，A－Bezold，M／Portoroz 1996．）8．思d3！？The only way to fight for an opening advantage．Alternatives lead White nowhere．8．．．思xd3 Not the best，in my opinion．Alternatively：（8．．．e6！？This interesting blockade idea is worth considering．）
 Black is compelled to weaken his position，Motwani，P－Adams，M／Moscow 1994.
5．${ }^{\text {d }} \mathrm{d} 2$ Here，with careful play，only White has to solve problems in the opening．5．．．e5！The
 to push back the Knight or to provoke a weakening a2－a4，Tal，M－Rivas Pastor，M／Barcelona 1992.

## 5．．．e5


 Black resigned，Khenkin－Schebler，Eupen 1993.

## 6.0 f3

6．dxe 5 dxe 5 7．f5 In a position with the open d－file and fixed e4／e5 pawns White＇s pawn on e4 is weaker than Black＇s，on the other hand White has space and attacking chances on the King－side，as the following examples illustrate．Therefore Black must seek active counterplay on the other flank as soon as possible．7．．．b5！（Routine play with
 9．思d2 c5 10．${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{d} 5$（Something like $10 . g 4!$ ？h6 $11 . h 4 \infty$ was worthy of consideration．） 10．．．嫘d8 11． $0 \mathrm{xf6}+$ gxf6！A good decision，Tolnai，T－Bezold，M／Balatonbereny 1995，now White＇s main idea－an attack with K－side pawns－looks pointless．On the other hand，Black＇s Rook has got the g －file．．．

## 6．．．思g4



Or 6．．．${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{bd} 7$ 7．惫e3 White intends to castle Q －side but this aggressive plan is unlikely to be the best in the position．（7．0－0 is more popular and promises the better chances for
 time and loosens the pawn on e4．（Something like $10 . h 3$ ！？intending g2－g4 looked more to the point．）10．．．㗐e8 11．h3 exd4 12．思xd4（12．©exd4？was bad as after 12．．．思f8 White would have had problems with the pawn on e4．）12．．．c5！？A double－edged move．Black weakens the d 5 square but forces White to part with a strong Bishop， Tiviakov，S－Piskov，Y／Imperia 1993.

## 7．⿷⿱㇒⿸⿻日丿乚厶心夊3



7．dxe5 This continuation promises nothing special for White．7．．．dxe5 8．h3？！An inaccuracy which gives Black slightly the better chances．（8．fxe5 $2 f d 7$ 9．鼻f4 is critical for the evaluation of this line：）8．．．思xf3 9．蹯xf3 exf4 10．0－0 0 bd7 The weakness of the dark squares in White＇s position and the bad placement of the knight on c3，and bishop on d3，makes Black＇s position superior，Magomedov，M－Nikolaidis，I／Koszalin 1999.

## 7．．． Qbd $^{2}$

A solid but passive move．In the forthcoming struggle the strong pawn centre and considerable space advantage secure White the better chances．However，this move has been Black＇s usual choice in recent games since the complications after 7．．．exd4 or 7 ．．．exf4 are even worse for him．
 overwhelming development advantage in an open position．Practice proves Black＇s defence is very hard：Ibragimov，I－Chekhov，V／Moscow 1998.

## 8．0－0 息e79．h3 息xf3 10．蹨xf3 0－0 11．©e2！



Yakovich，Y－Romero Garcia，M／Sevilla 1999.

## Pirc－The system with c3 \＆Bd3［B07］

Last updated：10／07／04 by Andy Martin

## 1 e4 d6 2 d4 气f6

$2 \ldots \mathrm{~g} 63 \mathrm{c} 3$ 思 g 74 f 4 is a very ambitious attempt to combine the advantages of Dolmatov＇s set－up（the protected d4 square）and Austrian attack（a strong pawn centre）．4．．．仓f6 5 悤d3 0－0 6 f 3 c5！Black has to attack White＇s centre without delay，otherwise White will complete his development and launch dangerous kingside attack with 0－ 0 ，Qe1，e5 etc． 7 dxc5 0 bd7！By this unexpected temporary pawn sacrifice Black manages to solve all his problems． 8 嵒e2？！This move allows Black to seize the initiative． $8 . . .0 \mathrm{xc5} 9$ 悤c2 b6！Black exploits the drawbacks of White＇s set－up very convincingly，Landa，K－Korotylev，A／Moscow 1999.

3 息d3


This system was initially employed against the Modern Defence（in the move order with 1 e4 g6 2 d 4 Bg 73 c 3 d 64 Nf 3 Nf 65 Bd 3 etc），but since the 80 s this line has also become common after 1 e 4 d 62 d 4 Nf6 3 Bd 3 ，primarily due to the efforts of GM Sergey Dolmatov．The characteristic feature of this set－up is that White doesn＇t strive to＂refute＂the Pirc as he does in the Austrian Attack，the Saemisch－like 4 f 3 and other sharp lines．Instead he limits Black＇s counterplay and aims for a minimal advantage，delaying the main struggle until the middlegame．This quiet way of playing against the Pirc or Modern has many supporters so the line occurs very frequently in practice．

## 3．．．g6

3．．．e5 4 c 3 d 5 ！In my opinion this is the best possibility．Black exploits the drawback of 3 Bd 3 which is the lack of control over d5，and breaks in the center． 5 dxe 5 xe4 （ $5 \ldots . . d x e 4$ is dubious as White has a nice way to obtain an edge： 6 鼻 $b 5+$ 鼻d 77 㔡c4！）
a）White could win a pawn here： 6 思xe4 dxe4 7 蹓a4＋悤d78 8 䠦xe4 but Black＇s light－square


b） 6 d 2 c 57 思b1 Rausis intended this as an improvement on his game against
 the bishop on b1 I felt justified in castling queenside，though this is not a plan for the faint of heart，Rausis，I－Davies，N／Dhaka BAN 2001．（Black has safer alternatives in $10 \ldots$ 息 $e 7$ and $10 \ldots$ ．．．d8）
c） 6 f3 6．．． c 67 bd 2 c 5 This position is very typical for the Ruy Lopez Open Variation：（1 e4 e5 2 Nf3 Nc6 3 Bb5 a6 4 Ba4 Nf6 5 0－0 Nxe4 6 d4 b5 7 Bb3 d5 8 de Be6 9 Nbd2 Nc5 10 c 3 ）．The important difference is that Black＇s Q－side pawns are still in their initial positions．This clearly favors Black as in the Ruy Lopez the b5－pawn is a good target（White plays a2－a4 in the right moment），and the weakness of the c5－square is also rather important especially after a knight
 which is typical for the Ruy Lopez Open Variation is the best possibility here as
 Threatening 9．．．Nxe5． 9 䠦e2（ $90-0$ ？blunders a pawn： $9 . . .0 x e 510$ 包xe5 息xb5）9．．．a6 10思xc6 宽xc6 11 d4 宽d7 120－0 The critical position for the evaluation of this line．Although Black lags a bit in development，the absence of his important light－squared Bishop doesn＇t allow White to create real threats．

## 

The critical position of this line．Now White has to choose a plan．The inventor of this variation，GM Dolmatov，prefers 7 Re 1 and 8 h 3 ．His games provide White with a standard way of playing this line．
6．．．c5！？


This move has had a certain rise in popularity over the last year and was played even at top level．Similar positions may also arise from the Alapin Sicilian（1．e4 c5 2．c3 d6 3．d4 Nf6 4．Bd3 g6 etc．）and the Torre Attack． 7 h3 The most common reply．（ $7 d x c 5 d x c 5$ aiming for a minimal advantage deserves certain attention．The similar idea is normal in the Torre Attack after 1 d4 Nf6 2 Nf3 g6 3 Bg5 Bg7 4 Nbd2 0－0 5 c3 d6 6 e4 c5 7 dxc5！dxc5，but there White can put the bishop in an active position 8 Bc 4 ！ Nc6 9 Qe2 with chances of a serious opening advantage（see for example the game Speelman－Howell，Calcutta，1996）．Although this idea here looks rather harmless， Black has to play very attentively．）7．．．cxd4（7．．． 9 c6！？This move leads to very complicated play which is more typical of a King＇s Indian． 8 d5 mas 9 c4 Zagrebelny，S－Morozevich，A／Novgorod 1997．） 8 cxd4 Fedorov，A－ Bologan，V／Belfort 1999.

## 7 罟e1

7 bld e5 8 品e1 This modification of Dolmatov＇s system is worthy of consideration．White intends to strengthen the d 4 square by playing Nb 3 ，and it＇s important he avoids playing 7 h 3 （aimed against ．．． Bg 4 ）which amounts to rather a considerable weakening of the $\mathrm{K}-$ side．Russian GM Konstantin Aseev is the main adherent of this set－up．8．．． Ch 59 b3！Aseev，K－Korotylev，A／Sankt Peterburg 1994.
7 d5？！Although White wins a tempo this move is not consistent with the ideas behind his set－up because it opens the diagonal for Black＇s dark－squared bishop．
7 b4 This move was introduced in early 90 s and brought White many victories but it＇s no longer considered dangerous for Black：7．．． 5 h！？In my opinion，the best．Black intends 8 ．．．e5．
7 思g5 0 d 7 ？！This game was the first where 7 Bg 5 was introduced and Black＇s reaction is far from the best．Later Black improved with 7．．．h68 鼻h4 e5！and as practice shows he has good chances to equalise here．） 8 a 4 ！嗨e 89 a 9 ！a6（9．．．e5 is impossible in view
 while White has lots of possibilities to improve his position，Vaganian，R－ Ermenkov，E／Thessaloniki 1984.

## 7．．．e5 8 h3 h6

The main line. Black's prepares counterplay on the K -side.
 14 e5! Taleb,M-Pavlov,M/Alushta UKR 2004, noting that the pawn on 77 hangs and
 Eingorn,V/USSR 1983- Black has managed to exchange White's light-squared Bishop, but the price is too high. White has a strong pawn centre, and the threat of e5 is very unpleasant for Black.
8... Vh $^{2} 9$ 思e3 d5 10 思g5! This very strong move was an unpleasant surprise for Azmai who had already played this position and equalized easily. Now very interesting complications arise, Beliavsky, A-Azmaiparashvili,Z/Portoroz 1997.

## 9 ) 3 !?

A novelty.

## 



An important prophylactic move: now ...Nf4 is pointless in view of g3, Smirin,IBologan,V/Debrecen 1992. For this game see in C44! Now it's time to draw certain conclusions. The examined line is rather unpleasant for Black especially if develops his dark-squared Bishop on g7. So I recommend Black players to play the line with 4...d5 and if the Bishop is already on g 7 as in the Modern Defence in my opinion Morozevich's plan with ...Nc6 is worth playing. In any case this line leads to very complicated positions with mutual chances and I hope that this material will help you to feel confident playing either color.

## Pirc－The 150 Attack［B08］

Last updated：18／09／09 by John Watson

## 



The 150 Attack is a very dangerous line used by many GMs．As a Pirc and Modern player myself I＇ve found this line more than a little annoying，and it hasn＇t been very clear how Black should equalise．
5 h 3 0－0 6 畕e3 is a system which has been championed by Boris Spassky．It＇s an attempt to get a superior version of the Classical although it＇s a little slow．One can easily

 12 思g5 c5 13 e5？a typically rash advance when one is feeling outplayed， Hulburd，G－Kamberi，S／22nd NAO，Oklahoma USA 2003.

5．．．0－0
If this move proves playable then the 150 attack loses much of its attraction．I think that after 5．．．0－0 White has to go directly for the throat．
 Rahman，Z／British Championship 2003．）6．．．${ }^{m} \mathrm{~m}$ a 57 葸d3（7 h3！would be my preferred choice，cramping Black＇s pieces．）7．．．⿹bd7 8 宽h6 思xh6 9 䠦xh6 e5 $100-0$ exd4 11
 Oklahoma USA 2003 After ceding e5 White＇s game starts to go downhill．

5．．．思g4 does not represent a satisfactory solution．Black shows his hand way too early， 6 h3
 Dinu，D／Bucharest ROM 2004
$5 . . \mathrm{a} 6$ is an attempt to get the queenside counterplay going immediately．Now very interesting and dangerous is 6 欮e2！？rather than 6 Qd2，planning 0－0－0 and e4－e5． It＇s too early to say whether this is really good for White or not，but the initial signs
 Kulaots，K－Maki，V／Finland FIN 2005，with an attack．

6 蹨 d 2


6 h 3 c 67 a 4 M 解c7？！Unless Black is intending to play with．．．e7－e5，I do not see the value of the Queen on c7．Better is 7．．．d5！ 8 a 5 d 59 e 5 包4 10 xe4 dxe4 11 g 5 c 512 c 3 cxd4 13 cxd4 0 c6 14 欮c2 Much later Carlier drew，but only after a very dour defence．

## 6．．． On $^{2}$ ！？

The various alternatives：
6．．．c6 A lot of the more solid breed of Pirc players have this move as their stock response to a variety of White plans．I tend to try and leave this square for my knight on b 8 －or if I want to expand on the queenside expand with ．．． a 6 and ．．．b5．That way my light squared bishop gets to attack e4 from b7，and I also get the chance to go for ．．．c7－c5 in one move（rather than ．．．c6－c7－c5）． 7 思h6 Exchanging off the dark－squared bishop can be use as a prelude to either mega－violence（castling long and charging up the right flank）or the more gentle approach of 悤d $\mathrm{d}, 0-0$ ， D e 2 etc．（ 7 鼻 $d 3$ is more
 White is slowed down on the kingside and with 14 c 4 announces a change of direction，one that suits Black very well，Jonkman，H－Iordachescu，V／12th Monarch Assurance，Port Erin IOM 2003．This example would tend to indicate that given even the slightest respite，Black can develop serious counterplay．， 7 h 4 is consistent anyway．Maybe Black has to bite his lip here and play 7．．．h5m）7．．．⿷⿱⿴囗十心 g g With storm clouds gathering around Black＇s king，I definitely prefer the look of development
 Ponomariov，R／Hastings（England）1998，another dangerous line for Black，who only kept himself on the board with some careful and energetic play．
6．．．e5 Why should Black prepare this move if he can play it right away？One of the arguments in its favour is that Qd1－d2xd8 loses some time． 7 dxe5 This probably gives White nothing．（Aggressive White players should therefore consider 70－0－0， 7
 9 悤c4 気c6 10 0－0 h6 11 h3 ©e8 Hebden，M－Sutovsky，E／Port Erin 1999.
6．．．思g4（one of the main arguments against White omitting h2－h3）is met by 7 g5！


7．．． 0 c6（The point behind White＇s last move is that $7 \ldots \mathrm{~h} 6$ can be countered by 8 h 3 悤h5（or
 11 g 4 ！Wow！Khalifman announces that he＇s in no mood to take prisoners．Black is in big trouble．11．．．c6（11．．．hxg4 would have been answered by 12 悤e2 after which White wants to rip Black＇s king limb from limb with various combinations of castling long and h4－h5．） 12 gxh5 ${ }^{\text {oxh }}$ x 13 0－0－0 Khalifman，A－Adams，M／Lucerne （Switzerland） 1997.
6．．．a6


This would probably be my choice too，though I might have considered playing it on move 5．Black wants to expand on the queenside with ．．．b5． 7 䁇h6 b5 8 悤d3 Ac6 This seems like the most solid move to me，hitting back at the central dark squares．
（Black has also played $8 \ldots .$. 叐 $b 7$ which was just about OK．） 9 d 5 After this Black gets pretty good counterplay．（A more critical and dangerous line seems to be 9 思xg7
 a4 c6 $14 d x c 6$ 甶xc6 gave Black adequate counterplay in Anand，V－Chernin，A／Corsica
 Chernin，A／London ENG 2000.

 Jiangchuan－Gulko，B／Seattle USA 2001，White is for choice on account of his space， but Black＇s position is very solid．

## 7 思g5 f6

This is much better than 7．．．h6 8 蒐 h 4 g 5 （ $8 \ldots c 6$ is possible） 9 思 g 3

## 8 思h4 宽h6 9 蹨d1

Gufeld pointed out that 9 奠c4＋can be answered by $9 \ldots \mathrm{~d} 5$

## 

The position is probably about equal，Benjamin，J－Gufeld，E／Las Vegas USA 2000．This treatment for Black looked pretty tough，and we will probably be seeing some more of it．

## Pirc－Classical［B08］

Last updated：15／04／11 by Gawain Jones

## 1．e4 d6 2．d4 ©f6 3．©c3 g6 4． 2 f 3

4．h3 思g75．⿹f3 0－0 6．惫e3 A version of the Classical where White hopes to develop the Bishop on f 1 to either c 4 or d 3 thus giving his position a more aggressive slant． 6．．．c6（6．．．a6！recommended by Alburt and Chernin in their excellent＇Pirc Alert＇is my favoured choice．7．a4 b6 8．賭e2 e6 9．0－0 悤b7 10．e5！？Stellwagen，D－
 Openings for White，Explained＇，see Pazderski，Z－Onischuk，V／Warsaw POL 2008）
 move 12 onwards，Black＇s play was a model，Zhigalko，S－Kupreichik，V／Minsk 2003.

## 



This is the solid Classical set－up，Karpov＇s career－long favourite．The outstanding Soviet Grandmaster Efim Geller has also greatly contributed to the theory of this line．
5．悤c4


Holmov＇s line，again．5．．．c6 This is the most precise move order．（5．．．0－0 A small inaccuracy which allows White to undertake action in the center．6．Wige2！c6 7．e5！White has managed to execute his opening plan in the most favourable circumstances and Black has difficult problems to solve．However even here he should able to maintain the balance．7．．． D d 5 ．思d2 dxe5！？9．dxe5 0 xc 3 ？！This move is a real mistake which allows White to seize the initiative．（After this game the position was considered as insufficient for Black．However recently Khalifman found a good improvement：
 1996．After Black has given up the outpost in the center White＇s light－squared

 excellent compensation．）6．．．0－0 7．．${ }^{\mu} \mathrm{e} \mathrm{e} 2$（Or 7．0－0 55 Black decides to place his pawns on light squares，a solid approach which，however，concedes a space advantage to
 unbalanced position，Getz，N－Istratescu，A／Hastings ENG 2009．）7．．．思g4！A very logical plan．Black exchanges his light－squared Bishop and then builds a pawn chain on the light squares（e6，d5），restricting White＇s Bishop on b3．8．h3 墨xf3
 Medina Garsia，A－Botvinnik，M／Palma de Mallorca 1967．（12．0－0 was better，with level chances．）

## 5．．．0－0

5．．．c6 6．a4 b6！？7．0－0 a6！？renders a5 harmless due to ．．．b5，in Philidor－Defence style，and prepares for ．．．b5，perhaps following ．．．思b7．But as you might imagine，this is all rather slow，and castling first must be better，see Cuartas，J－Cruz，F／Sitges ESP 2008.

## 6．0－0 宦g4

The main line，and Black＇s most popular response to the Classical system，it＇s not easy for White to prove his advantage．
6．．．c6 This line is also in fashion now．7． Be e
 ITA 2011）8．．．e5 9．dxe5（9．鼻e3 exd4 10．惫xd4 品e8 11．骂el！？包xe4 simplifies to near equality，Inarkiev，E－Mamedyarov，S／Baku AZE 2008）9．．．dxe5 10．悤e3（10．b3 ©c5！？ Black prepares an exchange sacrifice that was introduced by the famously wild

 counterplay for Black，Parker，J－Nijboer，F／Amsterdam NED 2006
b） $7 . \mathrm{a} 4 \mathrm{Hi} \mathrm{c} 7$
b1） 7 ．．．a5 8 ．h3 a6 this ．．． C a6－b4 manoeuvre used to be a main line in the Pirc，and is still fully viable， 9 ．思e3（9．gel see Khamrakulov，D－Iuldachev，S／Tashkent UZB 2008）9．．．. b 4 10． y d 2 ©e8！？a good old 70s line，first played by Benko back in 1971，see Gochelashvili，D－Tseshkovsky，V／Maykop RUS 2008

 it usually occurs．White＇s idea is twofold：to exploit the d6 square after ．．．e5 happens， or，if Black waits，to play f4．9．．．e5 Guseinov，G－Dzhumaev，M／Baku AZE 2008， when 10．d5！yields a small advantage
8． m e 1 （8．鼻f4 $\mathrm{g}_{4} b d 7$ 9．e5！？is Rozentalis，E－Tkachiev，V／Crete GRE 2007）8．．．e5 Khamrakulov，D－Karimov，I／Tashkent UZB 2007
 9．思f4 dxe5 10．dxe5 ©c7 11．Mel Lutz，C－Svidler，P／Bad Homburg 1997，White intends to exchange the dark－squared Bishops．（11．攷d2？！is weaker，as after
 Qbd79．e5 O 510 ． $\mathrm{m}_{\mathrm{g}} \mathrm{g} 5$ Before this game this line was considered to be dangerous for Black but here he finds new resources．10．．．dxe5！11．思xe7 品e8 12．d5 觰b6 13．思a3 0 f4！14．思c4 0 f6！Black already has the better chances．White＇s main problem is the bad position of his dark－squared Bishop，Asrian， $\mathrm{K}-$ Kasimdzhanov，R／Yerevan 1999.
Black can also play $6 \ldots$ ．．．bd7 Both moves normally lead to the same position．
6．．． $\mathrm{D}_{\mathrm{c}}$（ Provocative．7．d5 The only way to fight for the advantage．（7．h3 allows 7．．．e5 8．dxe5（After $8 . d 5$ te 7 the position looks similar to a main line King＇s Indian，but with White＇s pawn on c2．Now it＇s difficult for White to organise a Queen－side attack，so by playing ．．． O h5（or ．．． C d7）and ．．．f5 Black obtains good counterplay．） 8．．．dxe5 with equality．）7．．．$勹 \mathrm{~b} 8$ 8．邑e1（8．h3 prevents ．．．思g4，8．．．c6 9．a4 a5 Rozentalis，E－Efimov，I／Crete GRE 2007）8．．．e5 9．dxe6 思xe6 10．思f4 h6？！（10．．． $2 c 6$ is better） 11.0 d4 思d7 Now all Black＇s pieces are very passive．（11．．．${ }_{4} d 7$ should be preferred，although White＇s advantage is undisputable．）12．解d d 高h7 13．e5！Very logical：White has a development advantage，so he opens the central files，Tal，M－ Petrosian，T／USSR 1974．Other moves allow Black to complete his development （．．．©c6），when White only has a small advantage．
 10．莹ad1 ©c6 Black seems OK，Casper，T－Pavlovic，M／Port Erin IOM 2007.
 The queen sidesteps the pin that was looming after White＇s next move and defends the bishop on b7 against any surprises after e4－e5．12．⿷⿱㇒⿴囗夊心夊 $\mathrm{g} 5 \mathrm{b5}$ ！A classic flanking move in the Pirc，Jakovenko，D－Svidler，P／Moscow RUS 2009）10．．．${ }^{\circ}$ bd7 White has
more space and a small advantage，but it＇s not anything special，Malakhov，V－ Topalov，V／Villarrobledo ESP 2008.

## 



This move has recently become White＇s main weapon．
 （10．．．b5！？This move brought Azmaiparashvili a sensational win over Karpov，but White is able to improve on that game：11．a3（11．鼻xb5 ©xe4 12．0xe4 f5 13．0eg5 f4 14．鬼 $c 5 d x c 515$ ．鬼c4 favours White－Nunn．）11．．．a5 12．思xb5！（The above mentioned
速xg7，with a comfortable game for Black．）12．．．思xf3（12．．．0xe4 13．©xe4 f5 14．©eg5 f4
 he had something for the pawn in a game Liberzon－Quinteros，Netanya，1983．）
 Black，Karpov，A－Carr，N／ARC Simul Westergate 1982．）11．${ }^{\text {（ed }}$ b5 12．a3 a5
 Chernin，A／Budapest 1993．）15．dxc6 恩xc6 16．b4 d5 17．惫c5 留e8 Lengyel，B－ Chapman，T／Budapest HUN 2008，when 18．bxa5 dxe4 19．fxe4 ©xe4 20． $0 x$ xe4 恩xe4 21．${ }^{[3} \mathrm{m} 4$ ！is strong．

## 8．．．鬼xf3

8．．． D 8 ！？This move which was introduced by the Hungarian GM Alex Chernin，an expert in the Pirc，becomes more and more popular．I think this is because in the 8．．．思xf3 line White has found ways to fight for an opening edge．9．gel ！？White has a wide
 a6 Rytshagov，M－Chernin，A／Erevan 1996，Black is at least equal．

## 



13．．．⿷⿱⺈⿸⿻口丿乚丶⿴⿱冂一⿰丨丨丁心


## 14．f3！？e6？！

This natural move seems to be the source of amazingly rapid problems for Black！It gives White the opportunity to launch a sudden Kingside attack．
14．．．${ }^{\text {a }}$ ed 7 ！？deserves serious attention．

## 15．f4 ©ed7 16．dxe6 fxe6 17．g4！

An unexpected and very strong move．Lutz，C－Espig，L／Bremen 1998－A great performance by Lutz！

# Pirc－Austrian Attack－5．．．0－0［B09］ 

Last updated：19／07／11 by Gawain Jones

## 1．e4 d6 2．d4 ©f6 3． $\mathrm{Cl}_{\mathrm{c}} \mathrm{c}$ g6 4．f4



This features one of White＇s sharpest weapons－the Austrian Attack．By playing e4，d4 and f 4 White creates a very strong pawn centre and prepares a kingside attack．On the other hand this ambitious plan gives Black counterchances，as the seemingly strong central pawns may become a target．That is why this line usually leads to very interesting encounters．

## 4．．．思 7 5． 9 f3

5．a3 A silly yet meaningful move，typical of modern chess．5．．．0－0（One idea is that the
 Sjugirov，S－Mihajlovskij，S／St Petersburg RUS 2008.
5．e5 White＇s most direct attempt to blow Black off the board．Theoretically dubious yet highly dangerous，Pirc players need to study this line or prepare to be quickly
 slightly better for White．） 6.0 f 3 c 5 a direct and logical reaction，but（ $6 \ldots 0-0$ is good， transposing to 6 e5）7．exd6 0－0！Black is just continuing his development，not
呰a5 11．f5 with mutual chances，Sax－Sigurjonsson，1975．）8．．．斯a5！？an interesting attempt，Ivanovic，B－Gurevich，M／Luzern 1989.


This is the major alternative to $5 \ldots \mathrm{c} 5$

## 6．思d3

During the last decade this move has become White＇s main weapon against 5．．．0－0．
6．思e3 Rather an interesting move．White strengthens his central position and asks Black to find a plan．e4－e5 is in the offing but there are several dangerous attacking plans that Black has to combat． 6 ．．．b6 Recommended in various textbooks but Black is living on the edge．He prepares c7－c5 and will develop his Bishop but invites a massive attack．Others：
 one of the best replies after which White plays 7．0－0 but not 7．思e3．（White has a lot
 better！ $9 . a 4$（Usually White has already castled here but now he does not have time for 9．0－0 because after 9．．．b5！Black is taking the initiative．）9．．．e6 10．dxe6 思xe6（The text seems logical although I prefer $10 \ldots$ ．．fxe6！11．0－0 $b 6$ with $\mathrm{d} 6-\mathrm{d} 5$ to follow with a clear edge．）11．f5？Too ambitious．White has probably underestimated Black＇s reply．．．or just missed it．（After $11.0-0$ 卙e7 12．鼻f $f 2$ White could obtain reasonable play although Black is already slightly better．）11．．．思xf5！Of course！12．exf5 品e8 13．．屯 d2 d5！Bareev，E－Ivkov，B／Roma 1990.
 （9．悤gl！？cxd4 $10.0 x d 4$ deserves attention．The position is double－edged but White keeps his dark squared bishop in this line．）9．．． 0 xe3 10．筧xe3 0 xc5 11．e5 This was the idea behind 9 ．dc but it does not look very inspiring．11．．．筧a5 12．真b1 dxe5！？
 15． 0 c 4 The queen is trapped but Black gets enough material for it． 15 ．．．${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{M} \mathrm{x} x \mathrm{c} 3$ ！ 16．bxc3 思xd5 Sideif－Zade－Gipslis，A／USSR 1983．The Queen sacrifice was forced， but strong．To assess this position is not easy．Black has only a Rook and Bishop for the Queen，but his dark－squared Bishop is very strong as is the knight on c5．Also White＇s King is exposed，so in a game situation in my opinion，Black＇s chances are preferable．
 Black＇s position，Kramnik，V－Morozevitch，A／Melody Amber blindfold 2005.

7．e5 The principled decision．
a）7．悤c4！？思b7（Black has a lot of possibilities：7．．．$勹 x$ xe4？！is dubious： $8.0 x e 4 d 59$ ．息d3


 move is a more direct try．）10．．．${ }^{\mathbf{8}} \mathrm{xf} 3$ Other continuations do not solve Black＇s

 Bologan，V－Fridman，D／playchess．com INT 2004，route one chess and Black is under heavy fire．
 is another＇automatic attack＇，won quickly by White in Sadvakasov，D－ Dzhumaev，M／Hyderabad IND 2005）8．e5！g4 9．0－0－0 dxe5（9．．．c5！？with counterplay，Kasimdzhanov，R－Svidler，P／San Luis ARG 2005．）10． 0 xe5 ©xe3 11．䠦x 3 d7 12．h4 Spraggett，K－Jakobsen，O／Andorra la Vella AND 2007.
7．．． 9 g 8． $\mathrm{B}_{\mathrm{B}} \mathrm{g} 1 \mathrm{c} 59 . \mathrm{h} 3$ h6 The play was logical and almost forced till this moment where White chooses the most ambitious option．10．d5 思b7 Black has some alternatives
 mutual chances in Mikhalchishin－Kosten，Budapest 1989）11．$\frac{1}{4} \mathrm{~d} 2$ 气f5 12．思h2 dxe5 13．fxe5 e6 Destroying White＇s powerful looking pawn centre，Beliavsky，A－ Anand，V／Munchen 1991.
6．思e2


This move isn＇t very popular these days，but it＇s far from harmless．6．．．c5 7．dxc5 ${ }^{\text {Mig } \mathrm{a} 5}$ 8．0－0觜xc5＋9．剋h1 c6 Besides this move Black has other interesting possibilities．（9．．．b5，

 from the line 6．思d3 can be reached．Instead of losing a tempo with ${ }^{[\mathrm{H}} \mathrm{e} \mathrm{e} 2-\mathrm{e} 1$ ，White has lost a tempo with the manoeuvre 思e2－d3．）11．解el！The h4－square is a very good square for White＇s Queen．11．．．exf4 12．．${ }^{\mathbf{~} x f 4}$ Sax，Gy－Nikolic，P／Manila（izt） 1990.
$6 . e 5!?$ an old idea of Velimirovic I believe．White sets the scene for a very violent struggle， 6．．．$勹 \mathrm{fd} 7$ ！is thought to be the main line and Black comes out on top if he knows all the theory，（ $6 \ldots$ e． 8 ！？is a practical choice to throw White on to his own resources，

7．思e3（7．h4 or some such move is much more challenging．）7．．．c6 8．a4？！©c7 9．愚c4
 BAN 2004．）7．h 4 starting an attack but it does not look very inspiring as the centre is unstable here and White has minimal development， $7 . . . c 5$（7．．．h5 8．g4！？led to a quick crush in Shirov，A－Armstrong，R／Toronto CAN 2010）8．h5 cxd4 9．hxg6！？sacrificing a piece for a controversial attack，（The＇safe＇line is 9 ．${ }^{[4 \%} \mathrm{xd} 4$ with the idea ${ }^{4} \mathrm{ff} 2-\mathrm{h} 4$ ．In the old days，the sequence $9 . . . d x e 510$ ．${ }^{[\mu f} f 2 \mathrm{e} 4$ ！was considered a complete answer， with truckloads of analysis on the move（ $10 \ldots$ ．．e6！？is fine for Black．）11．9g5） $9 \ldots \mathrm{dxc} 3$ 10．gxf7＋品xf7 11．思c4 ©f8（11．．．e6！12． 9 g 5 when Elizabeth Vicary points out that
 bluff as 13．．．起xf7！turns out to be good for Black．（13．．．cxb2 14．⿷⿱㇒⿸⿻日丿乚厶心又女子2 was Nakamura，H－Smirin，I／Foxwoods Open 2005，which White went on to win in crushing fashion）14．解h5＋g8 15．葸d3 Skvortsov，O－Erymovsky／USSR 1989．）
 14．．．h6！may hold．

## 6．．．${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{c} 6$

6．．．Oa6 This is the most popular response to 6．． C d3．7．0－0（It＇s too optimistic to play $7 . e 5$ as Black plays $7 . . .0 d 7$ with c 5 to follow，and obtains strong counterplay．，7．悤xa6！？＂An exchange on a6 in unprofitable for White，because his light－squared bishop plays an important part for an attack on the kingside．＂－Aleksei Lugovoi，in＇The Pirc Defence＇．For one thing，it＇s the second move by the strong bishop．7．．．bxa6 8．0－0 $\mathrm{Q}_{\mathrm{m}}^{\mathrm{m}} 77$ ！？ 9．断e1！could White already be better here？The problem is e5，good bishop or no．At some point the stereotyped attack via ${ }^{*} \mathrm{G}$ h 4 and f 5 has to be considered as well，see Graf，A－Tischbierek，R／Koenigshofen GER 2007）7．．．c5 8．d5 品b8

 a6（11．．．e6 12．dxe6 fxe6 Wells，P－Spraggett，K／Port Erin IOM 2007）12．a4 b6 13．蹓d3 e6 Gharamian，T－Peralta，F／Calvia ESP 2007．）9．．．gّb8 10．h3 思xf3 11．gxf3 ©c7 12．a4 a6（12．．．$)^{2} d 7$ ！？Felgaer，R－Peralta，F／La Plata ARG 2009）13．a5 e6！？Ponomariov，R－ Zvjaginsev，V／Poikovsky RUS 2006
b）8．．．＇cc7？！9．a4（9．敏e1！with a quick win in So，W－Mahjoob，M／Cebu City PHI 2007．）9．．．b6 10．解e1 e6 11．dxe6 fxe6 12．e5！White is already better，Karjakin，S－ Ivanchuk，V／Medias ROU 2011.
9．${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{e} \mathrm{e} 2$
a）Later Dolmatov improved with 9．e5！dxe5？！（9．．．$D e 8$ is better，with mutual
 Dolmatov－Pfleger 1991，as 13．．． 0 h 6 fails to 14．irnc 1 ！
 16．exd5！？Karjakin，S－Kramnik，V／Nice FRA 2010.
9．．．©c7 10．a4 a6（10．．．b6 Tzermiadianos，A－Anagnostopoulos，D／ch－GRE，Athens GRE

 White is ready to attack in the centre with e4－e5．Black has to do something
immediately，or he will be smashed soon．Grandmaster Aivars Gipslis finds a brilliant rook sacrifice．14．．．e6！Dolmatov，S－Gipslis，A／USSR 1985.
6 ．．．c5 7．dxc5 蹓a5 is impossible in view of 8．cxd6
$7 . e 5$


The most ambitious．
The main alternative to the text seems to be 7．0－0 e5 this is regarded as the main line．
 15．断c 4 White is clearly better．The weakness of his queenside pawns is of no importance here because Black has no real possibilities to exploit it，while White has good prospects over on the kingside with g2－g4 at the right moment， Yegiazarian，A－Minasian，A／ch－ARM，Yerevan 1999．An excellent example of attacking，but also positionally sound chess．A textbook game both from the positional and tactical point of view．）8．fxe5 dxe5 9．d5 $0 \mathrm{~d} 410.9 x e 5$ ©xd5
 Schmaltz，R／Athens 2005，and it＇s hard to see how Black could really improve later

 Karjakin，S－Petrosian，T／Russia 2005.

## 7．．．dxe5 8．fxe5

8．dxe5 ©d5 9．悤d2 cb4 10．思e4 c6 11．仓e2？！This looks logical but Black has a strong
 with mutual chances．）11．．． D a6 An excellent resource！The knight is going to c5． 12．$勹 \mathrm{Od} 4$ ？！Another inaccuracy which leads to real problems for White．（12．c3 was the normal continuation but Black＇s chances are already preferable．）12．．．f6 13．exf6 Oxf6 14．思f3 e5！Opening the position．White has no time to complete his development without any material loss－Marjanovic，S－Beliavsky，A／Jugoslavija 1992.
8... Q $^{\text {h } 5!? ~ w a s ~ r e c o m m e n d e d ~ b y ~ K e e n e ~ a n d ~ B o t t e r i l l ~ a l l ~ t h o s e ~ y e a r s ~ a g o ~ a n d ~ i s ~ s t i l l ~ B l a c k ' s ~}$ best move here. Black prepares ...f7-f6 and does not obstruct his Bishop on c8, as
 Michalczak,T-Narciso Dublan,M/Kusadasi TUR 2006.
8... $\triangle \mathrm{d} 7$ !? 9.0-0 (9. e e2 played to shore up the centre with c2-c3 but this is unlikely to trouble Black's standard counterplay, Greet,A-Chatalbashev,B/Hastings ENG 2007,

 11.exf6 exf6 12.c3 Abergel,T-Chatalbashev,B/Ascona SUI 2007.

## 



White's position looks promising now, he is going to begin direct action on the kingside.

## 

The immediate 12 . mel could be met by 12...f6!?

## 

Swapping off the light-squared bishops has not made Black's life easier, Ehlvest,JAnand,V/Reggio Emilia 1988.

# Pirc－Austrian Attack－5．．．c5［B09］ 

Last updated：15／04／11 by Gawain Jones

## 



This move is often played by such Pirc experts as Gurevich，Chernin，Seirawan，Timman and many others．

## 6．dxc5

After some failed attempts to get an advantage with 6 蜜b5＋，White has switched to this move．
 believe for Black in Stefansson，H－Kohler，A／Leeuwarden 1995）7．e5（7．思xd7＋


 2001）7．．．$\triangleq$ g4 $8 . e 6$
a）This spectacular move leads to interesting complications．White can also play 8．h3！？and after 8．．．cxd4 9．${ }^{[\mathrm{m} x \mathrm{xd} 4}$ ，h6 White has several possible continuations．
 Markowski，T／Warsaw POL 2009．）9．．．dxe5 10．h3 e4 11．hxg4（11．0xe4 ©f6 12．0xf6＋（12．©e5 way Zaja，I－Beliavsky，A／Slovenian Team Ch 2001）12．．．思xf6 13．0－0 ${ }^{\text {Hing}} \mathrm{d}$ d was very comfortable for Black in Senff，M－Gurevich，M／Pardubice
 Bracaglia，C－Korsunsky，Y／Montecatini Terme 1999

8．．．fxe6


Nowadays this is the main line．（8．．． $\mathrm{m}_{\mathrm{B}} \mathrm{xb} 5$ For decades this was considered the only move． But in the mid 80s Jan Timman introduced 8．．．fxe6．9．exf7＋ rare and not too bad it seems．10． 0 xb5 consider both（ $10 \ldots$ 断 $b 6$ and， $10 \ldots \ldots{ }^{\mu} d 7$ ！perhaps the latter move is best of all，attacking and defending at the same time．） 11.0 c 3 c6 12．d5！Korneev，O－Cebada Benitez，F／Coria del Rio 2001．） 10.0 xb5 This natural move is far superior to
 concrete approach．（After 12．．． 0 d4 13．聯e4 Black＇s pieces are uncoordinated while White＇s initiative is growing．）13．bxc3 留a5！14．息d2 階a4 Dorenberg，G－
 another possibility but it does not promise full equality for Black：13．h3（13．．${ }_{y} f$ f 3 is perhaps less effective，Wempe，J－Korotylev，A／Wijk aan Zee NED 2005）13．．．${ }^{\text {Co }}$ c 6
 14．．．${ }^{\text {mimb }} \mathrm{b} 6$ ！This natural looking move hadn＇t been played before，but it＇s very strong， Korneev，O－Zimmerman，Y／Katowice 1993．）9． 0 g 5 思xb5 10． 0 xb 5 （The seemingly strong 10．xe6 was thought to lead only to a draw after the sudden queen sacrifice：



 13．鬼xd2 浐d7 14．©ec7 a6！with good chances，Radjabov，T－Ivanchuk，V／Monte Carlo
 $17 . \mathrm{b3}$ §f6 18．gel Aagaard，J－Nouro，M／Stockholm SWE 2005 looks better for
 critical position．In my opinion，Black has good chances，Anand，V－ Gurevich，M／Linares 1991.
By the way，6．惫e2 cxd4 7．0xd4 is a Sicilian Dragon！
$6 . \mathrm{e} 5$ 亿fd7 7．exd6 cxd4！？leads to a fascinating melee which I am not convinced about for Black：（7．．．0－0！）8．0b5 0－0 9．0c7 ©c5！？with sharp play，Kramnik，V－ Grischuk，A／Wijk aan Zee NED 2005.

## 6．．．

7．${ }^{[\mu \mathrm{m}} \mathrm{d} 4$ ！？is a fascinating new move where White is luring Black to capture on c 5 at the wrong moment，possibly exchanging queens in the process，when he will have the majority of pawns in the centre：e4－e5 could be a particularly cramping advance．
 Gurevich，M／Chalkida GRE 2009，8．．．0－0？！9．攼a4！Anisimov，P－Voinov，A／Krasnoyarsk
 ENG 2009） $11 . \mathrm{e} 5$ g4 12．h3 C h6 13．思e3 with a plus，Papp，G－Medic，M／Pula CRO 2009）8．思d2（8．cxd6 the most critical option，8．．．©c6 9．嫘d2 exd6 10．息d3 Jovanovic，Z－

 2004.

## 

 11．．．0d7（11．．．0－0 deserves attention．）12．政d2 思xf3？！Premature．（The natural 12．．．0－0 should be preferred．） 13 ．घxxf 0－0 14．欮e e ！White takes advantage of having not
 Now Black should be very careful－Klovans，J－Volzhin，A／Graz 1999.

## 9．思e3 蹓a5 $10 . \mathrm{h} 3$



Preventing ．．．思g4．
10．0－0 崽g4 11．h3（11．皆e el A Mortensen speciality．White is trying to get his opponent to capture on f 3 without playing $\mathrm{h} 2-\mathrm{h} 3$ ．The big idea is that he might want to put a rook on that square when he later tries to attack Black＇s king．11．．．＇c6 12．${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ d2 恩d7 13． 0 b 3 Reaching a position very similar to the Classical Dragon．13．．．${ }^{\text {ong c }} \mathrm{c} 7$（An earlier Mortensen game（Mortensen－Yrjola，Espoo 1989）went 13．．．${ }^{\text {mird }} \mathrm{d} 8$ 14．h3？！（If Black had repeated this I think that Mortensen would have improved with 14．${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{h}$ ）
 coming．）14．㯖h1 ©b4 15．f5 e6？A horrible move that weakens the dark squares around his king．（15．．． $2 x d 316 . c x d 3$ b5 is a better try，but it still looks quite good for


 as strong as Gurevich plays this，take careful note．Black carefully moves his queen away from potential harassment by White＇s minor pieces．15．घael e6！Nice prophylaxis against a potential White attack．16．${ }^{\ddagger} h 1$ Fierz，M－Gurevich，M／Cappelle la Grande FRA 2001．）15．超h1 c5 16．品ab1 ©xd3 17．cxd3 f5！？This blocking move ．．．f7－f5 was introduced in this game and it became a popular method of defending against White＇s attack．（17．．．e6？！is less precise：18．f5！？It is not so easy to parry White＇s initiative on the kingside．18．．．exf5（18．．．©e 5 does not solve the problems：
 prospects for the bishop on h8．）19．exf5 ©d4 20．${ }_{\text {Hi g }}^{\mathrm{c}} \mathrm{g} 3$ Tolnai，T－Gurevich，M／Luzern

 Taking the initiative thanks to the fact that the white queen is badly placed on e3， Kindermann，S－Gurevich，M／Haifa 1989.

## 10．．．$勹$ bd 7

This looks like a good move．Black adopts a set－up in which $10 . \mathrm{h} 3$ is useless at best．
10．．． 0 h 5 ！？The attempt at outright refutation．11．克f 2 e5（ $11 \ldots . . f 5$ ！？is an interesting suggesting of Nunn and McNab，preventing g4 and attempting to expose White＇s


 Hennigan，M／London（England） 1988.
10．．．e5 11．0－0－0！？A very sharp and interesting continuation．（After 11．0－0 0 c6 Black is OK．） $11 . .$. bd7 12．g4 d5！The central breakthrough is a typical reaction to a wing attack．


 Azmayparashvili，Z／Amsterdam II 1989.

## 11．0－0 a6



## 

13．．．b6 followed by ．．．悤b7 seems more consistent to me．

## 14．溦e2 息e6 15．f5 息c4 16．fxg6 hxg6 17．a5

Now Black has to strengthen White＇s centre after which I don＇t like her position that much， Computer－Ioseliani，N／Hague（Netherlands） 1993.

